



1 complaint in state court, and Defendants removed the action on the basis of diversity jurisdiction on  
2 February 12, 2010. Doc. #1. Following removal, Clark County filed the operative Amended  
3 Complaint on May 24, 2010. Doc. #30.

4 One year later, on May 27, 2011, Defendants filed the instant motion for leave to file a  
5 third-party complaint against, and to serve a summons upon, Tate Snyder Kimsey Architects, Ltd.  
6 (“TSKA”), the architect on the Regional Justice Center project. Doc. #70. Defendants’ Third-  
7 Party Complaint contains a single cause of action for breach of contract based on TSKA’s alleged  
8 breach of its duties to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the Defendants pursuant to a clause in  
9 TSKA’s contract with Clark County. Doc. #70, Exh. A.

## 10 **II. Discussion**

11 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 14(a) permits a defending party, as third-party plaintiff, to  
12 implead a third-party defendant “who is or may be liable to it for all or part of the claim against it.”  
13 When impleader is sought more than 14 days after serving its answer to the original complaint,  
14 however, “the third-party plaintiff must, by motion, obtain the court’s leave.” *Id.*

15 “The purpose of this rule is to promote judicial efficiency by eliminating the necessity for  
16 the defendant to bring a separate action against a third individual who may be secondarily or  
17 derivatively liable to the defendant for all or part of the plaintiff’s original claim.” *Southwest*  
18 *Administrators, Inc. v. Rozay’s Transfer*, 791 F.2d 769, 777 (9th Cir. 1986). Impleader may be  
19 denied, however, where it will disadvantage the existing action. *Id.* The decision on leave to file a  
20 third-party complaint is within the district court’s sound discretion. *Id.*

21 Here, the court finds that granting Defendants leave to file a third-party complaint against  
22 TSKA for derivative liability on Clark County’s claims original against Defendants is consistent  
23 with the purposes of Rule 14(a). Contrary to Clark County’s assertion, the motion is not untimely  
24 under either Rule 14(a) or the governing discovery schedule, which sets a February 2012 deadline  
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1 for adding parties. Nor does the court find that Defendants' delay was unreasonable or that any  
2 prejudice to Clark County outweighs the interests promoted by the rule.

3 Without reaching the merits of Clark County's underlying contentions, the court declines to  
4 deny leave on the basis that allowing the filing of Defendants' third-party complaint would be  
5 futile. The authorities cited for the proposition that leave may be denied based on futility govern  
6 leave to file an amended complaint, not leave to file a third-party complaint. Rule 14(a) expressly  
7 permits impleader where the proposed third-party defendant "may be liable" to the original  
8 defendant, and Defendants' third-party complaint asserts at least a colorable claim for relief. Any  
9 Rule 12 defenses to Defendants' third-party claim are properly raised by TSKA as third-party  
10 defendant in its answer to the third-party complaint, not by Clark County as the original plaintiff in  
11 opposition to a motion for leave to file. *See* Rule 14(a)(2).

12 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Defendants' Motion for Leave to File Third-Party  
13 Complaint Against and to Serve Summons Upon Tate Snyder Kimsey Architects, Ltd. (#70) is  
14 hereby GRANTED.

15 IT IS SO ORDERED.

16 DATED this 21st day of September, 2011.



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19 LARRY R. HICKS  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE